Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Previously presented) A method for eliciting an immune response in a subject comprising

administering an immunogenically effective amount of a peptide or protein antigen comprising one or more T cell epitope(s) coordinately with a non-viral vector comprising a polynucleotide encoding at least one of a B7-1, B7-2, and B7-3 co-stimulatory molecule, wherein the non-viral vector and peptide or protein antigen are administered separately to closely adjacent sites.

- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the peptide or protein antigen comprises a T cell epitope of a tumor antigen or viral antigen.
 - 3-5. (Canceled)
- 6. (Previously presented) A method for eliciting an immune response in a subject comprising

administering an immunogenically effective amount of a protein antigen comprising at least one T cell epitope coordinately with a non-viral vector comprising a polynucleotide encoding at least one of a B7-1, B7-2, and B7-3 co-stimulatory molecule, wherein the non-viral vector and protein antigen are administered separately to closely adjacent sites.

- 7. (Currently amended) The method of claim 2, wherein the viral antigen is selected from a human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), hepatitis B virus (HBV), hepatitis C virus (HCV), herpes simplex virus (HSV) or human papilloma virus (HPV) antigen.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein the peptide antigen comprises at least nine contiguous amino acids of a HPV antigenic protein.

9-10. (Canceled)

- 11. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the at least one co-stimulatory molecule is B7-1, or B7-2.
- 12. (Previously presented) The method of claim 11, wherein the at least one co-stimulatory molecule is B7-1.
 - 13. (Canceled)
- 14. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the peptide antigen and non-viral vector are administered to the subject in a sequential vaccination protocol.
- 15. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the peptide antigen and non-viral vector are administered to intradermal, subcutaneous, mucosal or intratumoral sites.
- 16. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the non-viral vector is selected from a RNA or DNA vector.
- 17. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the non-viral vector comprises a naked DNA vector having the polynucleotide encoding the co-stimulatory molecule(s) operably linked to regulatory elements necessary for expression of the co-stimulatory molecule(s) in eukaryotic cells.

18-31. (Canceled)

32. (New) A method for eliciting an immune response to a human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) antigen in a subject comprising

administering an immunogenically effective amount of a peptide or protein antigen, said antigen comprising one or more cytotoxic T lymphocyte (CTL) epitope(s) of HIV, coordinately with a non-viral vector comprising a polynucleotide encoding at least one of a B7-1, B7-2, and B7-3 co-stimulatory molecule, wherein the non-viral vector and peptide or protein antigen are separately administered to closely adjacent sites.